Edition 4 - September 2018

FIP in BRAZILY

Monthly flash news about:

- ✓ FIP CAR
- ✓ FIP Monitoring
- ✓ FIP ABC Cerrado
- ✓ FIP Landscape
- ✓ FIP Coordination
- ✓ FIP IFN
- ✓ DGM Brazil

Did you know?



[September 11, 2018] National Cerrado Day

[September 16, 2018] DGM National Steering Committee meeting

[September 27 & 28, 2018] 1st Workshop FIP

Monitoring on Cerrado

Biome deforestation data
in Brasilia, DF

[October 2 and 3, 2018] FIP CAR Supervision mission in Brasilia, DF





On September 11, 2018 Brazil celebrates the Cerrado Biome. However, the Cerrado remains overshadowed by the Amazon, despite being the second largest ecoregion in Brazil. In order to celebrate the Cerrado, and help you get more informed about it, here it is some interesting facts:

- The Cerrado Biome is a vegetation mosaic ranging from open grasslands to forest formations
- Cerrado covers an area of two million square kilometers (km2) in central and northeastern Brazil, encompassing about 24 percent of the country's territory (2.04 million km2)
- 23 main vegetation types in the Cerrado include forest savanna, wooded savanna, park savanna and grassy-woody savanna
- Cerrado have 5% of the planet's animals and plants
- By 2030, the Cerrado is projected to lose tens of millions of additional acres of native vegetation
- The Cerrado is one of most threatened savannah regions in the world with only 2 percent of its 500 million acres under protection
- Eleven of the 27 Brazilian Federative Units are located all or in part in the Cerrado Biome: the States of Goiás, Tocantins, Piauí, Bahia, Mato Grosso, Mato Grosso do Sul, Minas Gerais, Maranhão, Paraná and São Paulo; and the Federal District
- With over 10,000 species of plants 45 percent of which are endemic, or unique to the region the Cerrado is the world's most biologically rich savanna

Source: WB database

On the news:

FIP ABC: ABC Cerrado project recovered more than 84 thousand hectares of pastures

DGM Brazil: Cerrado Peoples meet in Cuiabá – Mato Grosso



FIP ABC

Great news for ABC Cerrado: In the last two years the project was able to recover over 84 thousand hectares of pasture that were depredated in the Cerrado biome. The program works in partnership with the Ministry of Agriculture, Embrapa (Brazilian Agriculture Research Corporation), and the SENAR (National Rural Apprenticeship Service). Through capacitation and technical assistance in technologies, the project trained local producers, in recovery of areas, croplivestock-forest integration and no-tillage and commercial forest integration.

FIP Landscape

On September 4, 5 and 6, FIP Landscape Project team held the project negotiations. The project aims to promote and strengthen the adoption of practices for conservation, restoration of native vegetation and low carbon agricultural technologies, in rural properties located in selected watersheds in the Brazilian Cerrado. Negotiations were conducted successfully at the World Bank office in Brasilia and led by the Task Team Leader, Bernadete Lange and attorney Isabella Micali. Barbara Farinelli, co-TTL and Daniella Arruda, operations analyst, also attended the meeting, in addition to representatives of the Project Implementing Agencies: German Agency for International Cooperation (GIZ), Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Supply (MAPA), Ministry of the Environment (MMA), Brazilian Forest Service (SFB) and National Rural Apprenticeship Service (SENAR).

FIP Monitoring

The Ministry of Science, Technology, Innovation and Communication (MCTI)

will make the 1st FIP Monitoring Workshop that will take place in Brasilia on September 27 and 28, 2018. The workshop has three main objectives: strengthen Brazil's institutional capacity to monitor deforestation, provide information on forest fire risks and estimate GHG emissions from deforestation and forest fires in the Cerrado. The program is being organized by INPE (National Institute for Space Research) and FUNDEP (Research Development Foundation). INPE is responsible for the Component 1 of the project. It monitors deforestation through several systems, such as:

- a) PRODES Cerrado Annual mapping of deforestation;
- b) DETER Cerrado Deforestation detection in near real time;

Besides, INPE is also responsible for:

- c) Capacity building of project beneficiaries in the interpretation and use of information generated by the monitoring system of the Cerrado; and
- d) Implementation of a data quality control system for the Cerrado deforestation monitoring system, in partnership with the University of Goiás (UFG).

DGM

Spreading knowledge: From August 7 to 10 in Montes Claros, MG, from August 21 to 24 in Cuiabá, MT and from August 28 to 31 in Brasilia, DF, representatives from indigenous peoples and traditional communities of selected Expression of Interests attended a workshop on sustainable development training, project preparation to finalize their subprojects, and a communication workshop. In

Cuiaba, representatives of traditional communities and indigenous peoples from various parts of the states of Mato Grosso and Mato Grosso do Sul were in Cuiabá, Mato Grosso, the training was conducted by the Alternative Agriculture Center of Northern Minas (CAA-NM). CAA-NM is the implementation agency of DGM Brazil.

FIP Brazil Case Study

The Forest Investment Program (FIP) department launched on August 29, 2018 the report "A Case Study of the Brazil Forest Investment Program". The report focuses on the program with a particular attention to the synergy between the various projects that compose the FIP Brazil's portfolio, whose main objective is to influence Brazil's climate change policies and to help achieve the country's goals for Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs). The report makes a qualitative analysis of five key points: strategy, institutional arrangement, stakeholder engagement, policy approach and program design, highlighting innovative aspects and metrics that could be useful for FIP programs in other countries.

